
ns-3 Training

Direct Code Execution overview

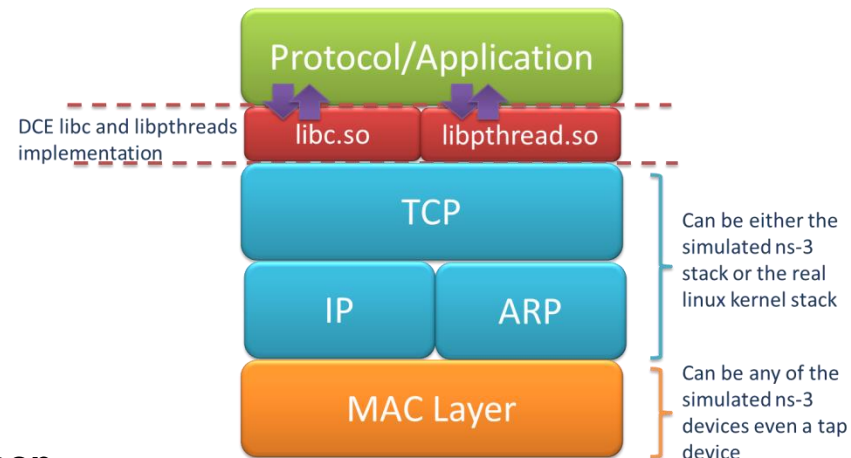
**MNM Workshop
May 2015**

Goals

- Lightweight virtualization of kernel and application processes, interconnected by simulated networks
- Benefits:
 - Implementation realism in controlled topologies or wireless environments
 - Model availability
 - Debugging a whole network within a single process
- Limitations:
 - Not as scalable as pure simulation
 - Tracing more limited
 - Configuration different

Direct Code Execution

- DCE/ns-3 framework requires the virtualization of a series of services
 - Multiple isolated instances of the same protocol on the same machine
- System calls are captured and treated by DCE
- Network stack protocols calls are captured and redirected
- To perform its work DCE re-implement the Linux program loader and parts of *libc* and *libpthread*



Direct Code Execution

- Developed by Mathieu Lacage and Frederic Urbani, INRIA, Hajime Tazaki (University of Tokyo)

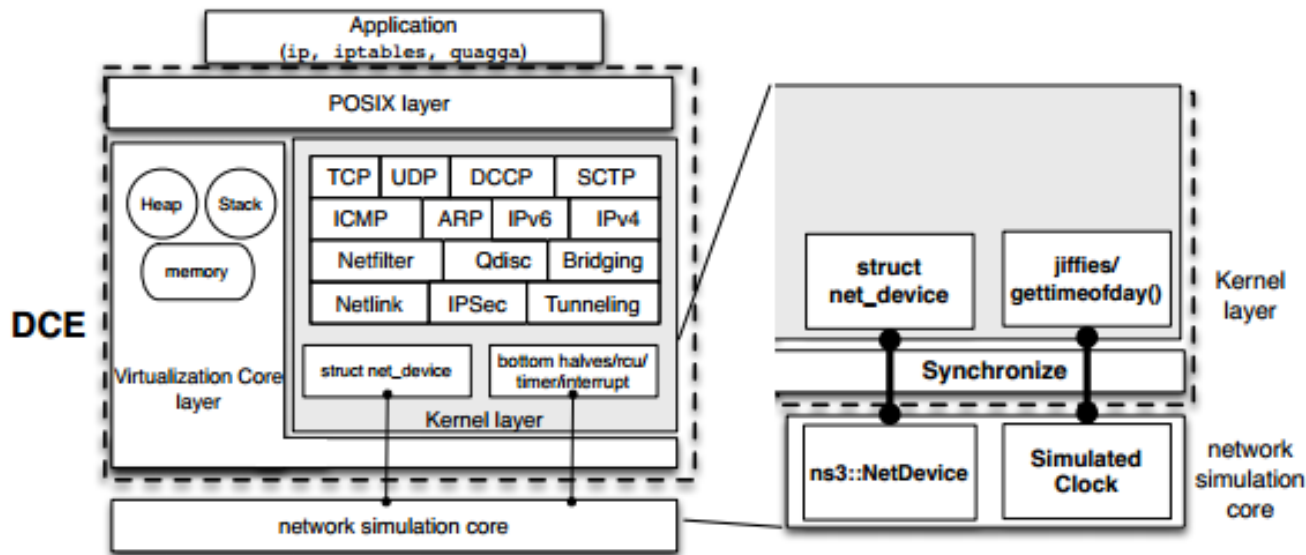


Figure 1: Architecture of Direct Code Execution. Kernel network devices and timers are synchronized with simulated NetDevice and clock.

Figure source: Direct Code Execution: Revisiting Library OS Architecture for Reproducible Network Experiments (CONEXT 13)

DCE modes

- DCE modes in context of possible approaches

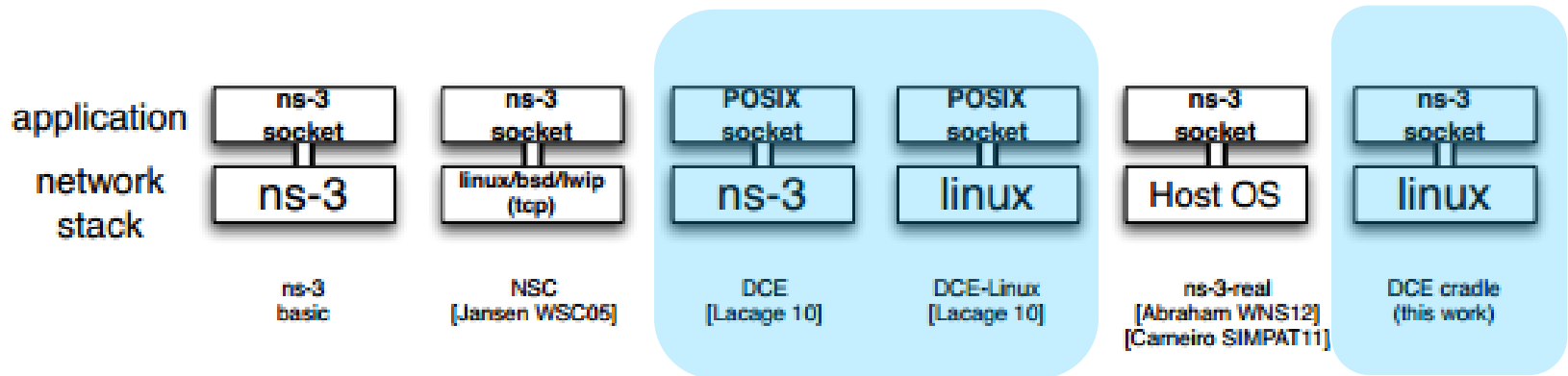


Figure 1: Current possible combinations of network stacks and applications.

Figure source: DCE Cradle: Simulate Network Protocols with Real Stacks for Better Realism, Tazaki et al, WNS3 2013.

DCE current version

DCE 1.5 released with ns-allinone-3.22

Recent additions

- Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP) support for DCE
- FreeBSD version of network stack (experimental)
- support IPv6 sockets for DCE Cradle
- Support for Python bindings (partial)
- <https://www.nsnam.org/docs/dce/manual/html/index.html>

Paper references

- Direct Code Execution: Revisiting Library OS Architecture for Reproducible Network Experiments
 - Tazaki et al, CONEXT 2013
 - <http://hal.archives-ouvertes.fr/docs/00/88/08/70/PDF/con013-hal.pdf>
- DCE Cradle: Simulate Network Protocols with Real Stacks for Better Realism
 - Tazaki et al, WNS3 2013
 - <http://hal.archives-ouvertes.fr/docs/00/78/15/91/PDF/wns3-2013.pdf>

DCE example walkthrough

- `hg clone http://code.nsnam.org/bake bake`
- `export BAKE_HOME=`pwd`/bake`
- `export PATH=$PATH:$BAKE_HOME`
- `export PYTHONPATH=$PYTHONPATH:$BAKE_HOME`
- `mkdir dce`
- `cd dce`
- `bake.py configure -e dce-ns3-1.5`
- `bake.py download`
- `bake.py build`

Hands on, what do we need

○ What do you need to start using the framework!

- ns-3 – The network simulator
 - <http://www.nsnam.org/>
- DCE
 - <http://www.nsnam.org/overview/projects/direct-code-execution/>
- Applications
 - iperf, wget, thttpd

* All software must be re-compiled with `-fpic` and linked with `-pie` to generate the code with Position Independent Code (PIC) and permit context switch

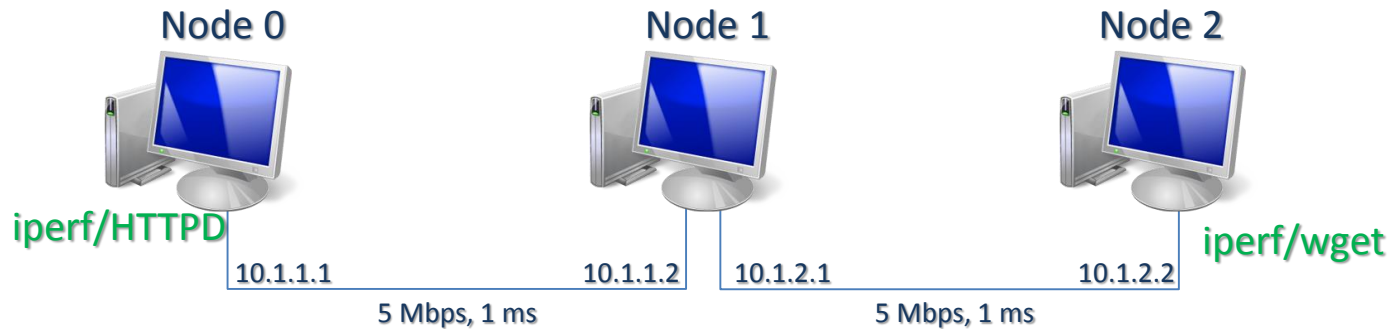
○ To make things easier

- Bake – Installation tool
 - <http://code.nsnam.org/bake>
- Mercurial – source control management tool
 - <http://mercurial.selenic.com/>
- Python – for running bake
 - www.python.org



The shared scenario

- The shared scenario is a simple three nodes network



Step by step example

- What we need to do!

1. Create the nodes
2. Create stack
3. Create devices
4. Set addresses
5. Connect devices
6. Create DCE
7. Configuration the applications to run
8. Set start time for server and client
9. Set simulation time
10. Start simulation




Step by step example

- What we need to do!

- 1) Create the nodes
- 2) Create stack
- 3) Create devices
- 4) Set addresses
- 5) Connect devices
- 6) **Create DCE**
- 7) **Configuration the applications to run**
- 8) Set start time for server and client
- 9) Set simulation time
- 10) Start simulation



 Standard ns-3 procedures
 DCE specific

Step by step example

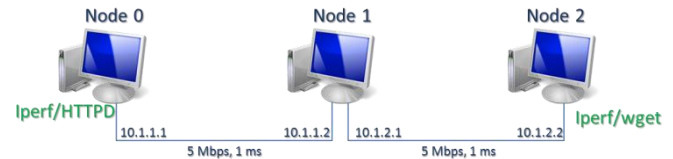
- iperf with ns-3 stack (I)

```
int main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    // Node Container creation
    NodeContainer nodes;
    nodes.Create (3);

    // Linux stack creation
    InternetStackHelper stack;
    stack.Install (nodes);

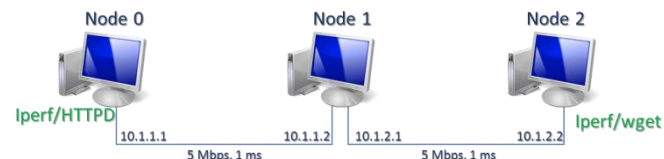
    // For real time
    // GlobalValue::Bind ("SimulatorImplementationType", StringValue ("ns3::RealtimeSimulatorImpl"));
    // GlobalValue::Bind ("ChecksumEnabled", BooleanValue (true));

    // Device and channel creation
    PointToPointHelper p2p;
    p2p.SetDeviceAttribute ("DataRate", StringValue ("5Mbps"));
    p2p.SetChannelAttribute ("Delay", StringValue ("1ms"));
```



Step by step example

- iperf with ns-3 stack (II)



```
// Node0-Node1 setup
```

```
Ipv4AddressHelper address;
```

```
address.SetBase ("10.1.1.0", "255.255.255.252"); // Node0-Node1 addresses
```

```
NetDeviceContainer devices;
```

```
devices = p2p.Install (nodes.Get (0), nodes.Get (1)); // connecting nodes
```

```
Ipv4InterfaceContainer interfaces = address.Assign (devices); // assign addresses
```

```
// Node1-Node2 setup
```

```
devices = p2p.Install (nodes.Get (1), nodes.Get (2)); // connecting nodes
```

```
address.SetBase ("10.1.2.0", "255.255.255.252"); // Node1-Node2 addresses
```

```
interfaces = address.Assign (devices); // assign addresses
```

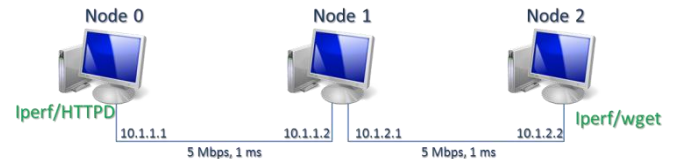
```
// setup ip routes
```

```
Ipv4GlobalRoutingHelper::PopulateRoutingTables ();
```

Step by step example

- iperf with ns-3 stack (III)

```
DceManagerHelper dceManager;  
dceManager.Install (nodes);  
  
DceApplicationHelper dce;  
ApplicationContainer apps;  
dce.SetStackSize (1 << 20); // 1MB stack  
  
dce.SetBinary ("iperf"); // Launch iperf client on node 0  
dce.ResetArguments (); // clean arguments  
dce.ResetEnvironment (); // clean environment  
dce.AddArgument ("-c"); // client  
dce.AddArgument ("10.1.2.2"); //target machine address  
dce.AddArgument ("-i"); // interval  
dce.AddArgument ("1");  
dce.AddArgument ("--time"); // how long  
dce.AddArgument ("10");  
apps = dce.Install (nodes.Get (0)); //install application  
apps.Start (Seconds (0.7)); //start at 0.7 simulation time  
apps.Stop (Seconds (20)); //stop at 20s simulation time  
  
dce.SetBinary ("iperf"); // Launch iperf server on node 2  
dce.ResetArguments (); // clean arguments  
dce.ResetEnvironment (); // clean environment  
dce.AddArgument ("-s"); // server  
dce.AddArgument ("-P"); // number of paralell servers  
dce.AddArgument ("1");  
apps = dce.Install (nodes.Get (2));  
apps = dce.Install (nodes.Get (2));  
apps.Start (Seconds (0.6));
```



DCE Setup

Step by step example

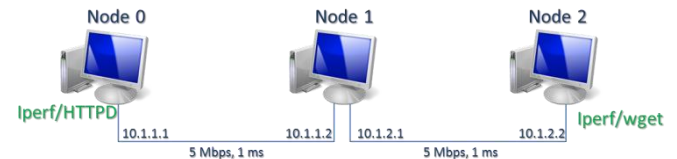
- iperf with ns-3 stack (IV)

```
// Simulation stop time
Simulator::Stop (Seconds (40.0));

// Run
Simulator::Run ();

// Stop
Simulator::Destroy ();

return 0;
}
```



Step by step example – iperf, ns-3

- **Generated**
 - elf-cache – program files
 - exitprocs – execution process information
 - files-0 files-2 – execution filesystem

- **files-x**
 - var – “/root” of the machine
 - files-x/var/log/<pid>/
 - cmdline – command executed
 - status – execution information
 - stderr – standard error output
 - stdout – standard output
 - syslog – syslog output

Step by step example

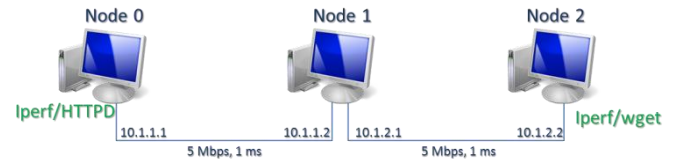
- HTTP with ns-3 stack (I)

```
int main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    // Node Container creation
    NodeContainer nodes;
    nodes.Create (3);

    // Linux stack creation
    InternetStackHelper stack;
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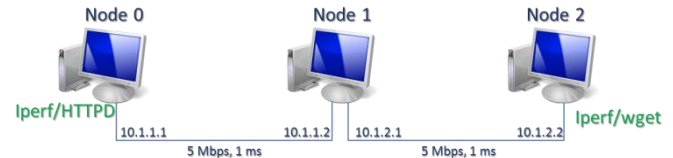
    // For real time
    // GlobalValue::Bind ("SimulatorImplementationType", StringValue ("ns3::RealtimeSimulatorImpl"));
    // GlobalValue::Bind ("ChecksumEnabled", BooleanValue (true));

    // Device and channel creation
    PointToPointHelper p2p;
    p2p.SetDeviceAttribute ("DataRate", StringValue ("5Mbps"));
    p2p.SetChannelAttribute ("Delay", StringValue ("1ms"));
}
```



Step by step example

- HTTP with ns-3 stack (II)



```
// Node0-Node1 setup
```

```
Ipv4AddressHelper address;
```

```
address.SetBase ("10.1.1.0", "255.255.255.252"); // Node0-Node1 addresses
```

```
NetDeviceContainer devices;
```

```
devices = p2p.Install (nodes.Get (0), nodes.Get (1)); // connecting nodes
```

```
Ipv4InterfaceContainer interfaces = address.Assign (devices); // assign addresses
```

```
// Node1-Node2 setup
```

```
devices = p2p.Install (nodes.Get (1), nodes.Get (2)); // connecting nodes
```

```
address.SetBase ("10.1.2.0", "255.255.255.252"); // Node1-Node2 addresses
```

```
interfaces = address.Assign (devices); // assign addresses
```

```
// setup ip routes
```

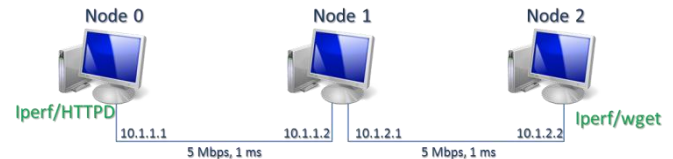
```
Ipv4GlobalRoutingHelper::PopulateRoutingTables ();
```

Step by step example

- HTTP with ns-3 stack (III)

```
// Launch the server HTTP
dce.SetBinary ("thttpd");
dce.ResetArguments (); // clean arguments
dce.ResetEnvironment (); // clean environment
dce.SetUid (1); // Set httpd for super user execution
dce.SetEuid (1);
apps = dce.Install (nodes.Get (0)); // install http daemon
apps.Start (Seconds (1)); // start time

// Launch the client WGET
dce.SetBinary ("wget");
dce.ResetArguments (); // clean arguments
dce.ResetEnvironment (); // clean environment
dce.AddArgument ("-r"); // recursive wget
dce.AddArgument ("http://10.1.1.1/index.html");
apps = dce.Install (nodes.Get (2));
apps.Start (Seconds (2)); // start time
```



DCE Setup

Step by step example

- HTTP with ns-3 stack (IV)

```
// Simulation stop time
Simulator::Stop (Seconds (40.0));

// Run
Simulator::Run ();

// Stop
Simulator::Destroy ();

return 0;
}
```



Step by step example

- iperf with linux stack (I)

```
int main (int argc, char *argv[])  
{  
    // Node Container creation  
    NodeContainer nodes;  
    nodes.Create (3);
```

```
    // Linux stack creation
```

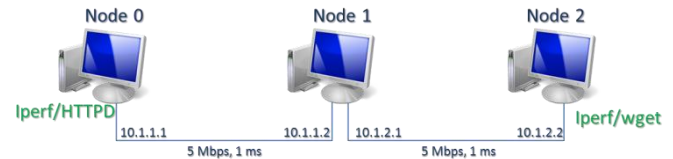
```
    dceManager.SetNetworkStack ("ns3::LinuxSocketFdFactory", "Library", StringValue ("liblinux.so"));  
    LinuxStackHelper stack;  
    stack.Install (nodes);
```

```
    // For real time
```

```
    // GlobalValue::Bind ("SimulatorImplementationType", StringValue ("ns3::RealtimeSimulatorImpl"));  
    // GlobalValue::Bind ("ChecksumEnabled", BooleanValue (true));
```

```
    // Device and channel creation
```

```
    PointToPointHelper p2p;  
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Step by step example

- iperf with linux stack (II)



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NetDeviceContainer devices;
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```
devices = p2p.Install (nodes.Get (0), nodes.Get (1)); // connecting nodes
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Ipv4InterfaceContainer interfaces = address.Assign (devices); // assign addresses
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// Node1-Node2 setup
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devices = p2p.Install (nodes.Get (1), nodes.Get (2)); // connecting nodes
```

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address.SetBase ("10.1.2.0", "255.255.255.252"); // Node1-Node2 addresses
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interfaces = address.Assign (devices); // assign addresses
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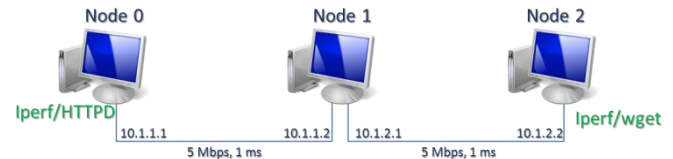
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Ipv4GlobalRoutingHelper::PopulateRoutingTables ();
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Step by step example

- iperf with linux stack (III)

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apps.Start (Seconds (0.7)); //start at 0.7 simulation time  
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dce.SetBinary ("iperf"); // Launch iperf server on node 2  
dce.ResetArguments (); // clean arguments  
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apps.Start (Seconds (0.6));
```



DCE Setup

(Similar to the ns-3 stack one)

Step by step example

- iperf with linux stack (IV)

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