
ns-3 Direct Code Execution (DCE)

Quagga Manual

Release 1.2

Direct Code Execution project

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CONTENTS

1	Introduction	3
1.1	Current Status (2012/4/23)	3
2	Getting Started	5
2.1	Prerequisite	5
2.2	Building ns-3, DCE, and DCE-Quagga	5
2.3	Examples	6
2.4	Configuration Manual	7
3	Modifying DCE Quagga	9
3.1	Customizing Helper	9
3.2	Customizing Binary	9
4	FAQ	11

Contents:

INTRODUCTION

The Quagga support on DCE enables the users to reuse routing protocol implementations of Quagga (RIPv1, RIPv2, RIPv3, OSPFv2, OSPFv3, BGP, BGP+, RAadv) as models of network simulation. It reduces the time of re-implementation of the model, and potentially improve the result of the simulation since it already “actively running” in the real world.

It was started as a Google Summer of Code (GSoC) 2008 by Liu Jian with numerous contributions especially on the netlink implementation with quagga porting into ns-3-simu (former name of ns-3-dce). You can look at his effort at the [link](#).

1.1 Current Status (2012/4/23)

Quagga support on DCE does not fully support all the environment that DCE has. The following shows the limited availability of each protocol.

	Basic Mode (ns-3 stack)	Advanced Mode (ns-3-linux)	Remarks
Rtadvd (zebra)	NG	OK	
RIPv1/v2 (ripd)	NG	OK	bind() fail
RIPv3 (ripngd)	NG	OK	send() fail
OSPFv2 (ospfd)	OK	OK	
OSPFv3 (ospf6d)	NG	OK	send() fail
BGP (bgpd)	OK	OK	
BGP+ (bgpd)	NG	OK	

GETTING STARTED

2.1 Prerequisite

Quagga support on DCE requires several packages: autoconf, automake, flex, git-core, wget, g++, libc-dbg, bison, indent, pkgconfig, libssl-dev, libsysfs-dev, gawk

You need to install the correspondent packages in advance.

```
$ sudo apt-get install git-core (in ubuntu/debian)
```

or

```
$ sudo yum install git (in fedora)
```

2.2 Building ns-3, DCE, and DCE-Quagga

To install ns-3-dce-quagga, you can use **bake** as an installation tool as follows.

```
$ hg clone http://code.nsnam.org/bake bake
$ export BAKE_HOME=`pwd`/bake
$ export PATH=$PATH:$BAKE_HOME
$ export PYTHONPATH=$PYTHONPATH:$BAKE_HOME
```

then build ns-3-dce with quagga:

```
mkdir dce
cd dce
bake.py configure -e dce-ns3-|version| -e dce-quagga-|version|
bake.py download
bake.py build
```

note that dce-quagga-1.2 is the DCE quagga module version 1.2. If you would like to use the development version of the module, you can specify **dce-quagga-dev** as a module name for bake.

If you want to use dce-quagga with DCE advanced mode (i.e., using Linux native network stack), you can build as following commands. This is highly recommended at this moment (2012/04/20) so that Quagga runs successfully.

```
mkdir dce
cd dce
bake.py configure -e dce-linux-|version| -e dce-quagga-|version|
bake.py download
bake.py build
```

For more information about ns-3-dce core, please refer the DCE manual.

Then you can try an example of ns-3-dce-quagga as follows:

```
$ cd source/ns-3-dce
$ ./test.py -s dce-quagga
...
PASS: TestSuite dce-quagga 9.775 s
1 of 1 tests passed (1 passed, 0 skipped, 0 failed, 0 crashed, 0 valgrind errors)
```

You can see the above PASSED test if everything goes fine. Congrats!

2.3 Examples

2.3.1 Basic

```
$ cd source/ns-3-dce
$ ./waf --run dce-zebra-simple
```

if everything goes fine, you would see the file “routes.log” in the current directory as follows. The routes “10.1.0.0/24” and “10.2.0.0/24” was announced by ospfd accordingly.

```
Time: 70s
Destination      Gateway          Genmask          Flags Metric Ref    Use Iface
127.0.0.0         0.0.0.0          255.0.0.0        U        0      -    -    0
10.1.1.0          0.0.0.0          255.255.255.0    U        0      -    -    1
10.2.1.0          0.0.0.0          255.255.255.0    U        0      -    -    2
10.1.0.0          10.2.1.1         255.255.255.0    UGS     20     -    -    2
10.2.0.0          10.1.1.1         255.255.255.0    UGS     20     -    -    1
```

2.3.2 OSPF

Another example of OSPF is generating pcap file.

```
$ cd source/ns-3-dce
$ ./waf --run dce-quagga-ospfd
```

You would see the following parsed output by tcpdump.

```
$ tcpdump -r dce-quagga-ospfd-0-0.pcap -n -vvv
:
(snip)
09:00:45.106325 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 1, id 0, offset 0, flags [none], proto OSPF (89), length 72, bad ck
  10.0.0.2 > 10.0.0.1: OSPFv2, Database Description, length 52
    Router-ID 10.0.0.2, Backbone Area, Authentication Type: none (0)
    Options [External], DD Flags [Master], MTU: 65535, Sequence: 0x4b3d3b2e
    Advertising Router 10.0.0.2, seq 0x80000002, age 0s, length 16
      Router LSA (1), LSA-ID: 10.0.0.2
      Options: [External]
```

2.3.3 OSPF with ns-3-linux

The final example of OSPF is using Linux kernel stack via DCE.

```
$ cd source/ns-3-dce
$ ./waf --run "dce-quagga-ospfd --netStack=linux"
```

then, you would see the following parsed output by tcpdump.

```
$ tcpdump -r dce-quagga-ospfd-0-0.pcap -n -vvv
:
(snip)
09:00:45.106325 IP (tos 0xc0, ttl 1, id 15116, offset 0, flags [none], proto OSPF (89), length 72)
  10.0.0.2 > 10.0.0.1: OSPFv2, Database Description, length 52
    Router-ID 10.0.0.2, Backbone Area, Authentication Type: none (0)
    Options [External], DD Flags [Master], MTU: 1500, Sequence: 0x4b3d3b2e
    Advertising Router 10.0.0.2, seq 0x80000002, age 0s, length 16
      Router LSA (1), LSA-ID: 10.0.0.2
      Options: [External]
```

2.4 Configuration Manual

In order to utilize quagga protocols in ns-3, users need to define in the scenario via `ns3::QuaggaHelper`.

```
#include "ns3/quagga-helper.h"

int main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    QuaggaHelper quagga;
    quagga.EnableOspf (node, "10.0.0.0/8");
    quagga.EnableOspfDebug (node);
    quagga.EnableZebraDebug (node);
    quagga.Install (node);
}
```


MODIFYING DCE QUAGGA

3.1 Customizing Helper

At this moment, only a limited configuration of Quagga is implemented in the QuaggaHelper. For example, if you wanna configure the “cost” parameter of OSPF link, you do have to extend QuaggaHelper (quagga-helper.cc) to generate the following configuration for example.

```
interface sim0
    ip ospf cost 20
!
```

3.2 Customizing Binary

If you wanna extend the protocol by modifying the source code of Quagga, your extended binary should be located at the directory “ns-3-dce/build/bin_dce”.

FAQ

(TBA)